

SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 35.

SANTA FE, N. M., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1898.

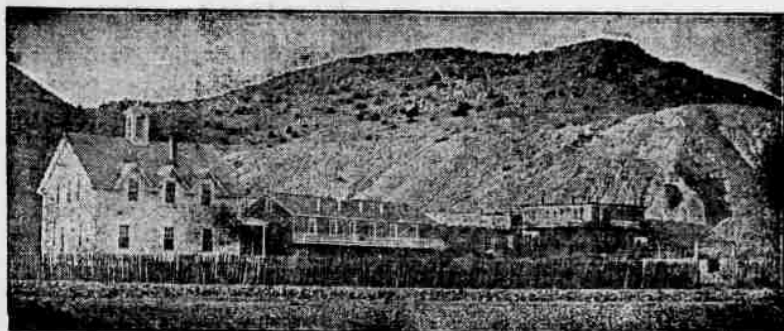
NO. 239.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

The new goods purchased by S. Spitz, the jeweler, while east, are now being placed for public inspection. They consist of a fine line of decorated china and glassware. New ideas in silver novelties, ebony and leather goods and fancy clocks. These goods in connection with the usual large line of diamonds watches and jewelry always found in his cases will give the Santa Fe public an opportunity for selection seldom found outside of the large cities.

OJO CALIENTE

(HOT SPRINGS.)



THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barren Station on the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages run to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 105 to 125°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 1,082.4 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the numerous cures attested to in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis, and Mercurial Affections, Scrofula, Catarrh, La Grippe, all Female Complaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$3.00 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:08 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$7. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,
Ojo Caliente, Taos County New Mexico

New Mexico Normal School LAS VEGAS.

"THE HEART OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM."

- 1.—**NORMAL**.—A professional training course for teachers. Diploma life certificate to teach in any of the public schools of New Mexico.
- 2.—**ACADEMIC**.—A broad general course. Diploma admits to all leading colleges and universities.
- 3.—**COMMERCIAL**.—A thorough training course for business life, actual business, stenography, penmanship, commercial law, &c.
- 4.—**PREPARATORY**.—A thorough course in the commercial branches for those who have not had the benefit of graded school advantages.
- 5.—**MODEL SCHOOLS**.—An auxiliary to the normal course. A school for children of all grades.

A faculty of specialists from the leading normal schools, colleges and universities of America.

ADDRESS ALL INQUIRIES TO

EDGAR L. HEWETT, Pres.

THE NEW MEXICO MILITARY INSTITUTE

Roswell, New Mexico.

THE MILITARY SCHOOL OF NEW MEXICO ESTABLISHED AND SUPPORTED BY THE TERRITORY.

Session Begins September, '98, Ends June, '99.

Five Teachers (Men), and Matron. Accommodations for 300 Students. New Buildings, all furnishings and equipments modern and complete; steam-heated, gas-lighted; baths, water-works, all conveniences.

Tuition, board, and laundry, \$250 per session. Tuition alone \$60 per session.

Session is three terms, thirteen weeks each. Roswell is a noted health resort, 3,700 feet above sea level; well-watered; excellent people.

REGENTS

John W. Poe, Roswell, R. S. Hamilton, Roswell,
Nathan Jaffe, Roswell, J. C. Len, Roswell,
J. O. Cameron, Eddy.

For particulars address:
JAS. G. MEADORS,
Superintendent

DAVID S. LOWITZKI, FURNITURE & QUEENSWARE,

Largest Stock in the City.

MY HOLIDAY FURNITURE JUST RECEIVED.

First Furniture Store You Come to on Frisco Street. It is a Pleasure to Show Goods. Give me a Call.

Prices Never Before Equalled in Santa Fe.

I will furnish your house from the parlor to the kitchen on easy payments. Highest price paid for second hand goods. I also carry a full line of picture frames and moldings.

CORBIN TESTIFIES

He Indulges in Gentle Hints and Innuendoes Against Gen. Miles' Testimony of Yesterday.

CAMPS ALGER AND TAMPA

War Department Taken By Surprise When Congress Declared War Against Spain—Miles' Plan of War Was Not Approved.

Washington, Dec. 22.—Adjutant General Corbin was before the war investigating commission today, and rigidly questioned about the selection of Camp Alger in Virginia. He testified that the removal of Camp Alger was dictated by the secretary of war himself, its original establishment having been recommended by Captain Searborn, of General Miles' staff. He had understood from the secretary of war that General Miles had something to do with its selection. When questioned as to Camp Wikoff, General Corbin said the troops and horses that arrived there about August 8 were those left behind in the south from the expedition to Santiago and Puerto Rico. Transportation for these had not, as far as he knew, led to railroad congestion or interfered in any way with carriage of supplies for troops subsequently arriving. He denied that the contract with the Long Island railroad gave it exclusive control and said the only restriction made was the desirable one of prohibiting excursion steamers from landing at the camp. One reason for its selection was the excellent facilities for water transportation. The camp at Tampa was never designed for anything but a point of embarkation, and the first complaints he heard from Camp Thomas were in the press. He said prior to the war, there had been no complaints about refrigerator or canned beef which were used by the armies of the world and in commerce. It was no new experiment, "seriously speaking," said General Corbin, "I do not think the War department contemplated war until it was declared by congress. There was no general preparation except so far as the department was able to meet the possibilities that confronted it."

Colonel Denby, who conducted the examination, suggested to General Corbin that he appeared reticent, adding: "It is not our object to criticize strategy. That is not our business. Strategy in war may be right and may be wrong. Our object is to determine whether the War department acted efficiently." Witness said when General Shafter's expedition started the supply of transports was not equal to the demand. It had been planned to carry about 25,000 troops instead of 17,000. He referred to a letter from General Miles, dated June 24, laying out a plan of campaign of the war, and said it was not approved.

MARKET REPORT.

New York, Dec. 22.—Money on call steady at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 @ 3½. Silver, 59½; lead, \$3.60.
Chicago.—Wheat, Dec., 66½; May, 65½. Corn, Dec., 36½; May, 37½. Oats, Dec., 23½; May, 27½.
Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 6,000; best grades 5 @ 10c higher, others steady; beefs, \$3.90 @ \$6.00; cows and heifers, \$2.00 @ \$4.75; Texas steers, \$3.30 @ \$4.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.80 @ \$4.30. Sheep, 13,000; steady; natives, \$2.50 @ \$4.25; westerns, \$3.00 @ \$4.15; lambs, \$3.75 @ \$5.40.
Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 5,000; strong to the higher; native steers, \$3.25 @ \$5.30; Texas steers, \$3.25 @ \$4.75; Texas cows, \$2.40 @ \$3.50; native cows and heifers, \$2.10 @ \$4.25; stockers and feeders, \$2.25 @ \$4.10; bulls, \$2.50 @ \$3.60. Sheep, 2,000; firm; lambs, \$4.00 @ \$5.40; muttons, \$3.00 @ \$4.25.

A RAILROAD AWAKENING.

Burlington and Rock Island Roads Waking Up to the Necessity of Building Through to the Pacific.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—The Chronicle says there are strong indications that the Burlington and Rock Island roads are figuring on extending their lines to the Pacific coast. The absorption of the Hawaiian and Philippine islands by this country will open up an immense transcontinental rail business both east and west bound, and the recent deal by which the Santa Fe will have its own line into San Francisco in the spring has awakened the officers of competing semi-transcontinental roads.

A PROVIDENTIAL WARNING.

A Bird the Means of Saving a Train from Being Ditched at Full Speed, Thus Saving Life and Property.

Austin, Tex., Dec. 22.—The north-bound passenger train on the I. & G. N. railroad narrowly missed a serious wreck 40 miles below here, through the intervention of a bird. Some miscreant tied a rail across the track. A few miles before reaching the spot a bird, blinded by the headlight, flew against the glass, breaking it and extinguishing the light. This necessitated running slowly to the next station, and at the reduced speed the train struck the obstruction, tearing up the track and damaging the engine's front end, but no one was injured.

Railway Telegraphers May Strike.

Montreal, Que., Dec. 22.—A conference between General Manager Hays, of the Grand Trunk railway and the committee of railway telegraphers ended this afternoon. The latter are now in private session, and everything indicates a crisis has been reached. Chief Powell says by tomorrow noon it will be known whether there is to be a strike or not.

DEMOCRATIC BUMPTIOUSNESS.

Minority of House Committee on Military Affairs Will Report a Bill Fixing the Size of the Army at 30,000 Men.

Washington, Dec. 22.—The bill for the increase of the regular army which the minority of the house committee on military affairs will offer as a substitute for the Hull bill, was drawn by Representative Hay, of Virginia, and is now in the hands of the War department, where an estimate is being made of the cost of such a military establishment as it provides for. The bill provides for a standing army of 30,000 men; that is, 12,000 artillery, 8,000 infantry and engineer, ordnance and signal corps and general staff.

To meet the existing exigency for troops in Puerto Rico, Cuba, the Philippines, Hawaii and the Ladrones, the bill provides that the president may issue a proclamation for 50,000 additional volunteer troops to be enlisted for two years. These are to be commanded by officers appointed by the president. The present volunteers are to be mustered out within 60 days after passage of the act, but the volunteer organization now in service are to be given the preference for enlistment in the next volunteer army if they so elect within 15 days. The bill provides that no regular army officer in the army prior to the war with Spain shall be mustered out. The main contention the report will make for the minority plan is against the Hull bill for a standing army of 100,000 men is that the future of the Philippines and Cuba is as yet undetermined; but if the standing army is increased to 100,000, it will be almost impossible, no matter what may have happened in the future, to reduce it. The report will say that a standing army of 100,000 men will cost the United States \$185,000,000. This, adding to \$15,000,000 for pensions, will bring the cost of the military establishment up to \$200,000,000, the largest charge in the world for a military establishment.

A Determined Suicide.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 22.—John A. Severn, superintendent of D. M. Ferry's Seed Company, suicided today. Mrs. Severn was aroused from sleep by a shot and found her husband lying dead on the kitchen floor with a bullet in his head, and another through his heart. The revolver still clutched in his hand. Severn had been in poor health for some time and showed signs of insanity. He was a son of Judge Severn, of the United States district court, at Grand Rapids.

CUBAN MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Telegraph Extensions Being Rapidly Made—Marshal Blanco Leaves the Rich Palace Table Service and Furniture for the Americans.

Havana, Dec. 22.—The military telegraph from Puerto Principe southward to the Santa Cruz cable point, is nearing completion. This wire connection with General Carpenter will soon be made. Colonel Dunwoody, of the signal corps, says the telegraph will be built as military purposes will require no land lines to Santiago as projected. The War department has directed the transport Chester to take General Greene and staff to Savannah and she will sail tonight.

Marshal Blanco, though not requested to do so by the American commissioners, issued directions before leaving Cuba that the rich silver palace table service and magnificent furniture in the reception room should be left for the Americans. A proposition has been made that the municipal council change the name of Obispo street to Lee street.

Fast Mail Service Abandoned.

Topeka, Kan., Dec. 22.—The fast mail contract between the government and the Santa Fe has not been renewed for the coming year, and the early morning mail train will be discontinued. The fast mail had a number of bad wrecks, and has been very expensive for the company in other respects. The train is of much benefit to the Kansas City and Topeka morning newspapers.

Carlists Lively in Spain.

Madrid, Dec. 22.—The Carlisle agitation continues in several northern provinces, and agitators have been arrested in the Morela province of Castelon de la Plana. Carlists have been arrested in Placencia province for distribution of arms. The report that Don Carlos has contracted a loan in England is denied. He tried to do so, but failed.

War Vessels Leave Chili.

Valparaiso, Dec. 22.—The Oregon and Iowa sailed yesterday. The people gave the American sailors a cordial reception.

Pilgrim Fathers' Day.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Dec. 22.—Major General Miles, is here today to respond to the toast of the Spirit of New England at the annual dinner of the New England society tonight.

ATTEMPTED TO FORCE ENTRANCE.

And Was Shot and Instantly Killed by a Boy of 13 Who Was Guarding the Premises.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—Thomas Crosby, aged 13, son of Mrs. Margaret Crosby, a wealthy widow living at Edgewater, a Chicago suburb, shot and instantly killed Deputy Sheriff Frank Nye today, while Nye was attempting to serve a writ of reattachment, based on a mortgage for \$20,000 foreclosed on the Crosby homestead. The officer was warned by the boy not to attempt to enter the house, but attempted to tear out a window. The boy's mother and grandmother were in an upper room. The boy said he had been instructed to shoot any one who attempted to enter the house.

New York's Oldest Man Dead.

Malone, N. Y., Dec. 22.—Patrick Haggerty, probably the oldest man in the state, is dead. He would have been 109 years old March 17 next, and was wonderfully preserved.

TAXATION MATTERS

Assessed Value of Cattle, Railroads and Other Property in Grant County.

TURQUOIS AND IRON MINING

Operations Carried On in Occidental and Oriental Mines—Shipments of Iron Ore—Politics Discussed by Republican Leaders.

Special correspondence New Mexican. Silver City, Dec. 20.—Grant county pays a tremendous tax, and yet it is doubtful if one-third of the actual property value is turned in. The cattle men complain that they pay 34 cents per head on their cattle holdings, not including special school levies, and that they are compelled to turn in a small report in order to save themselves and make the rate conform to that paid by cattle men in other parts of the territory. The 2 mills levy of the cattle sanitary board is also felt, and that is taken into consideration when tax returns are made.

As near as can be approximated from the statements of the leading cattle men, there are, in round numbers, 250,000 cattle in Grant county. The mining men state that a conservative estimate of the value of mining property is \$1,500,000. As an inducement to smelter and other ore reduction enterprises, taxation is not enforced, but mines, surface improvements and the net products are.

Through the kindness of Clyde Smith, deputy sheriff and assessor, The New Mexican representative was permitted to examine the books of the assessor's office. The total valuation of Grant county, as assessed, is \$2,500,000. Of this amount cattle represent \$1,000,000, mining \$150,000, railroad (including the Santa Fe, Southern Pacific and N. M. & A.) \$1,200,000, and mercantile and industrial enterprises and personal property \$1,100,000. Presuming, as stated by those who are in a position to know, that the cattle interests are represented on the assessment roll by one-third their value and the mining by one-tenth, it will be observed that Grant county is one of the richest and most prosperous sections in the southwest.

TURQUOIS MINING.

The Occidental and Oriental Turquoise Company, operating in the Burro mountains, has a force of 15 men at work developing their claims. The company, which is officered by J. E. Harvey, J. W. Wiley and E. S. Parker, has a sale on the tapis with an English syndicate, but the local people who have the matter in charge, very wisely refuse to divulge any inside figures as to the value of the property or latest developments of their negotiations. The development on the properties consists of three open cuts, each about 100 feet in length, having 40-foot faces, a shaft 55 feet in depth and a tunnel 105 feet in length. C. C. Morgan, the English expert who recently examined the properties, reported favorably on them. Eight claims, embracing 135 acres of ground, comprise the holdings of the company. The mines have been operated during the past five years, and they adjoin the famous Azure property.

THE BIG IRON MINES.

Operated by W. H. Newcomb, constituting the principal local industry in the

BILIOUSNESS

Do you get up with a headache? Is there a bad taste in your mouth? Then you have a poor appetite and a weak digestion. You are frequently dizzy, always feel dull and drowsy. You have cold hands and feet. You get but little benefit from your food. You have no ambition to work and the sharp pains of neuralgia dart through your body. What is the cause of all this trouble? Constipated bowels.

Ayer's PILLS

will give you prompt relief and certain cure. Keep Your Blood Pure. If you have neglected your case a long time, you had better take Ayer's Sarsaparilla also. It will remove all impurities that have been accumulating in your blood and will greatly strengthen your nerves. Write the Doctor. There may be something about your case you do not quite understand. Write the doctor freely, tell him how you are suffering. You will promptly receive the best medical advice. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

FOR SALE BY H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

mining line. The property consists of 27 claims, (315 acres) some of them fractions, and is located about one mile southwest of the city. The development work is mostly on the surface, the iron lying in shallow deposits, from five to 15 feet in depth. Twenty-five men are employed at the works. The present production is 70 tons per day, but the amount will be increased after the first of the year. The final shipments of 1,000 tons to the St. Pazo smelter have just recently been made, and a contract has been secured for 1899 which will serve as the basis for an increased output. The local smelter is using ten tons of iron ore per day from these mines, and will double the amount as soon as the new improvements, which will tend to increase the capacity of the plant, are finished. Concerning outside shipments, Mr. Newcomb said to The New Mexican representative: "Before the discriminating freight rates went into effect we shipped considerable ore to the Pueblo smelters. At present the Hanover mines get a rate into Pueblo of \$2.75 from the end of the track at Santa Rita. Their iron is magnetic and runs 60 per cent, while ours is hematite and runs 50 per cent. And yet the freight rate from Silver City is \$2.50. If we had a fair show the shipments from Silver City would amount to considerable more."

will be pretty well mapped out by January 1.

DANGEROUS ICE GORGES.

Ohio Navigation and Railroad Property Threatened by a Succession of Ice Jams.

Lorain, O., Dec. 22.—One of the most formidable ice gorges ever seen in Black river has been causing troubles and danger for the past 48 hours. Each minute adds to the jeopardy of millions of dollars' worth of vessel property in the harbor. Last night the gorge broke and six large ore vessels went down stream. These were caught by a tug and are being held against the immense weight of ice bearing down upon the fleet. The Nickel Plate railroad bridge will be demolished if another break occurs. The ice is piled up 15 feet high, covering several hundred yards. Another gorge formed about a mile above the present jammed fleet, and should this break all the boats above will be added to the present jam.

New Treaty With Mexico.

New York, Dec. 22.—A dispatch to the Herald from Mexico City says Ambassador Clayton and Minister of Foreign Affairs Señor Mariscal have agreed upon the substance of a new extradition treaty between the United States and Mexico, which it is thought will be acceptable to both governments.

WILL SEE THE PYRAMIDS.

4th and 17th Infantry Regiments Are Ordered to the Philippines Via the Suez Canal.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—Telegraphic instructions were received today from Secretary of War Alger, ordering the 4th infantry, of Fort Sheridan, Ill., and the 17th infantry, of Columbus barracks, Ohio, to sail for the Philippines on or before January 15. The regiments will go via the Suez canal. Both regiments have been recruited up to their full strength and now number about 1,200 men each.

They Burned Their Books.

Cleveland, Dec. 22.—Taking of depositions by General Monett to prove that the Standard Oil Company destroyed a lot of books and papers a few days before the supreme court ordered the books produced as evidence in investigating the Standard Oil Company, was resumed today. John McInerney testified he had been in the employ of the Standard Oil Company for over two years. On November 19 he was ordered to burn a lot of the Standard Oil Company's books, which he did in the shop furnace.

United Mine Workers Elections.

Pittsburg, Dec. 22.—A call for the 10th annual convention of the United Mine Workers, to be held in this city in January, has been issued by the national officers. It contains nominations of national officers as follows: For presidents, John Mitchell, of Indianapolis; Patrick Dolan, Pittsburg; T. L. Lewis, of Bridgeport, O.; James Chatworthy, of Coalburg, W. Va. Vice presidents, F. W. Davis, of Indianapolis; H. A. Bradley, of St. Runks, Ky.; James W. Murray, of Westville, Ill.; John Fahy, of Pottsville, Pa.; Jos. Eastenday, of Oakwood, Ill.; Patrick McBride, of Columbus, O.; W. O. Webb, of Pittsburg, Ky.; F. N. Dunn, of Powderly, Ky. Secretary and treasurer, W. A. Pierce, of Indianapolis, and John Fahy, of Pottsville, Pa.

Centennarian Gone.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Dec. 22.—James McDonald, aged 102, a resident of this city for 40 years, died today. He was born at Montreal in 1796.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Outstanding Assurance December 31, 1897.....	\$951,165,837.00
New Assurance written in 1897.....	156,955,693.00
Proposals for Assurance Examined and Declined.....	24,491,973.00
Income.....	48,572,269.53
Assets, December 31, 1897.....	236,876,308.04
Reserve on all existing Policies (4 per cent standard) and all other liabilities.....	186,333,133.90
Surplus, 4 per cent standard.....	50,543,174.84
Paid Policy Holders in 1897.....	21,106,314.14

LARGEST STRONGEST BEST

Pays Larger Dividends (\$1,000,000 more during last five years). Issues Better Policies. WALTER N. PARKHURST, General Manager, New Mexico and Arizona Department, ALBUQUERQUE, N. M. Resident Agents—S. E. LANKARD, GEO. W. KNAEDEL, SANTA FE.